Who Runs Australia?
The Labor Government,
or the Capitalist State?

WHAT THE ASIO RAID MEANS

also in this issue: Which Way for the Socialist Left?
Right-wing attack on AUS at Latrobe
Students Reject Gay-baiting at Macquarie
Is Biology Woman's Destiny? by Evelyn Reed
A CHALLENGE TO REVOLUTIONARY YOUTH

The Socialist Youth Alliance is holding its 4th National Conference. The first conference was held in Sydney in 1973. The second conference was held in Melbourne in 1974. The third conference was held in Sydney in 1975. The fourth conference is to be held in Sydney in 1977.

Iran's socialist youth movement, the Civil Rights Movement for the Liberation of the People (CMLP), is holding its 3rd National Conference in Tehran this week. The CMLP has been active in Iran for over 20 years. It was founded in 1955 by a group of students and workers who were dissatisfied with the ruling class. The CMLP has been one of the main opposition groups to the regime of the Shah of Iran.

The CMLP is committed to the overthrow of the regime and the establishment of a socialist society. It is a member of the International Revolutionary Youth Movement (IRYM), an international network of socialist youth organizations.

The CMLP's conference will be attended by representatives from several countries, including Iran, Pakistan, India, and the United States.

The conference will also discuss the role of the CMLP in the broader struggle for democracy and socialism in Iran.

GOVT. RAIDS AGAINST SECURITY SERVICE

GOVT. RAIDS AGAINST SECURITY SERVICE

The government of Australia has launched a major crackdown on its own security services, the Australian Federal Police (AFP) and the Australian Security Intelligence Organisation (ASIO). The action follows allegations of corruption and misuse of power within the services.

The AFP and ASIO have been under scrutiny for some time. Last year, a report by the Auditor-General found that the AFP had spent millions of dollars on questionable purchases. The report also found that the AFP had failed to properly monitor the use of its powers.

The ASIO has also been embroiled in controversy. In 2015, an AFP officer was dismissed after it was revealed that he had used his position to help a convicted terrorist escape from prison.

The government's decision to raid the services is seen as a sign of its determination to take tough action against corruption.

Trade Delegation Off to China

A delegation of Australian businesspeople is heading to China for a trade mission. The delegation includes some of the country's top business leaders, including the CEO of a major mining company and the head of a large financial institution.

The delegation is expected to meet with Chinese officials and business leaders to discuss trade opportunities. It will also visit a number of Chinese cities to promote Australian products and services.

The delegation is seen as an important step in increasing trade and investment between Australia and China.

Contact Socialists In Your Area

Contact Socialists In Your Area

The Socialist Youth Alliance is calling on all socialists to join their movement. The Alliance is dedicated to the struggle for socialism and the overthrow of the capitalist system.

If you are interested in joining the Socialist Youth Alliance, please contact your local socialist group or the Alliance's national office.

Subscribe to Direct Action

Subscribe to Direct Action

Direct Action is a monthly newsletter published by the Socialist Youth Alliance. It is a free publication that covers a wide range of political and social issues.

To subscribe to Direct Action, please send your name and address to the Alliance's national office. You can also subscribe online at our website.
Students Defend Gay Liberationist at Macquarie

BY PETER DAVIES

In recent weeks a series of developments in Australia's cultural and political scene have given rise to a new wave of anti-gay sentiment. The situation is complex, and the implications for gay liberationist movements are significant.

The recent actions of the National Council for Civil Liberties (NCCL) in the case of the controversial film "Anthem" have contributed to a growing sense of unease among gay rights activists. The NCCL's decision to support the film's release has been met with strong opposition from conservative groups, who see the film as promoting a false stereotype of gay men.

The situation is further complicated by the recent announcement of a new anti-gay group, the "Family Federation of Australia," which has pledged to use its resources to mount a campaign against gay liberationist movements.

It is clear that the gay rights movement in Australia is facing a new and challenging era. The struggle for gay liberation will continue, and activists must remain vigilant and prepared to defend their cause against all forms of opposition.

Melbourne Uni Staff Sackings

BY PETER CRITCHER

Eleven days before Christmas 1977, the Melbourne University Council fired several members of the university staff. The sackings were part of a broader trend of cuts in public sector employment that had been unfolding in recent years.

The council's decision was met with widespread condemnation, with many university staff and students expressing concern over the impact on the quality of education and the future of the university.

The sackings were part of a broader trend of cuts in public sector employment that had been unfolding in recent years, as governments sought to address the growing budget deficit.

Sydney Students Fight Services Cutback

By PETER JONES

On March 11 these two events were brought to the attention of the Sydney University Students' Union (SUSU) by a group of students who had been protesting against the council's decision.

The union had been monitoring the situation closely, and had already taken action to support the sacked staff. The students were united in their opposition to the council's decision, and were determined to fight for their rights.

The union's actions were part of a broader trend of strikes and protests that had been occurring across the country, as workers sought to defend their rights and conditions.

VSTA Stop Work Meeting

By PETER MACDONALD

The Victoria Secondary Teachers' Association (VSTA) announced a strike on March 10 in response to the council's decision to cut services. The strike was supported by a majority of the VSTA's members, and was seen as a necessary step to defend the rights of workers.

The strike was preceded by a series of meetings and discussions, during which the members had the opportunity to express their concerns and concerns.

The strike was seen as a significant development in the struggle for workers' rights and conditions. It was a clear expression of the workers' determination to defend their rights and conditions, and was a strong statement of solidarity with the sacked staff.

AUS Under Attack at Latrobe

By DAVID DEMPSEY

The University of Melbourne (UM) has been under attack for the past year. The university's staff and students have been protesting against cuts in services, and have been calling for a return to normal conditions.

The UM administration has been criticized for its handling of the situation, and has been accused of failing to address the concerns of the staff and students.

The situation has been compounded by the recent decision of the council to cut further services, which has been met with widespread opposition.

Representatives of the UM's staff and students have been calling for a return to normal conditions, and for the university to address the concerns of the staff and students.

The "UNDERSTANDABLE" CRIME

The "Victim Fixer" is a police officer who works in the Victoria Police Force. The Victim Fixer is responsible for assisting victims of crime, and for providing them with emotional support and assistance.

The Victim Fixer is trained in the skills of crisis intervention and is able to provide support and assistance to victims of crime. The Victim Fixer is also able to provide information on the legal process and the rights of the victim.

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The Sydney Antiwar Movement

BY ALFRED JENNINGS

The principal complaint of the antiwar movement is that the U.S. is using the war in Vietnam as a stepping stone to a world war. The movement is divided into two broad sections: the radical left, which includes the Vietnam Peace Coalition, and the middle and conservative sections, which include the Vietnam Committee to oppose the War in Vietnam and the Alliance for Peace and Progress.

The antiwar movement has been growing in recent months, and has organized a number of protests and demonstrations. The movement has also been gaining support from various political groups and individuals, including the Communist Party of Australia, the Australian Labor Party, and the Australian Christian Democratic Party.

In conclusion, the antiwar movement is gaining momentum and is likely to continue growing in the coming months. The movement is determined to continue its struggle against the war in Vietnam and to demand an end to the conflict.

Labor Returned in S.A. Election

BY GREG TURMUN

The Labor Party has returned to power in South Australia after winning the state election last weekend. The party won 25 of South Australia's 37 seats, giving them a majority in the state parliament.

The result was a stunning victory for the Labor Party, which was led by Premier Jay Weatherill. The party won the election on a platform of economic reform, with a promise to reduce state government debt and to introduce a new tax on property owners.

The victory was also significant for Labor leader Jay Weatherill, who had been in power for 12 years but had faced growing pressure from the opposition. The win is expected to give Weatherill more influence in national politics, as he has long been seen as a potential contender for the leadership of the Australian Labor Party.

Tasmanian ALP State Conference

BY ALFRED JENNINGS

The Tasmanian ALP state conference was held last month, and it marked a breakthrough in the party's efforts to win back the seats it lost in the state election last year. The conference was held in Hobart, and it was attended by over 500 delegates from across the state.

The conference was marked by a strong focus on the need to improve the party's performance in the next election. The delegates agreed to introduce new policies and to beef up the party's campaigning efforts. The conference also elected a new state executive, with Jay Weatherill as the new state secretary.

New Attempts at Censorship

BY FRANK QUINN

The Australian government has announced plans to introduce new laws to tighten its censorship laws. The laws would allow the government to ban books, films, and other materials that are deemed to be subversive or offensive.

The government has said that the laws are needed to combat the growing threat of terrorism and other forms of extremism. The laws are expected to be introduced into parliament in the coming months, and they could come into effect as early as next year.

Black Housing Project

BY JAN GORDON

The Australian government has announced plans to build a new housing project for black Australians. The project will be located in Sydney and will provide 500 units of housing for black families.

The government has said that the project is needed to address the high rate of homelessness among black Australians. The project is expected to be completed in the next five years, and it is expected to provide a much-needed boost to the housing market in Sydney.
Have women always been oppressed?

There are a number of possible questions that could be asked about the relationship between the idea of oppression and the experience of women. One might wonder if women have always been oppressed, or if there has been a change in the nature of oppression over time. Another question might be whether the concept of oppression is applicable to women at all, or if it is a phenomenon that is specific to certain historical periods or cultures. Regardless of the specific question, it is clear that the idea of oppression has a long and complex history when it comes to the experiences of women.
Which Way for the Socialists Left?

BY JIM McLENN

In recent weeks, the socialist left of the US has seen a flurry of activity. The Socialist Party (SP) has declared its intention to run candidates in the upcoming elections, and the Party for Socialism and Liberation (PSL) has announced plans for its own slate of candidates. This surge in activity is reflective of a broader trend within the socialist movement, as more and more leftists are examining the role of the state and the need for alternative modes of political and social organization.

The SP has been active in the US since the 1890s, when it was founded as a response to the need for a political voice for workers. Over the years, the SP has been involved in a variety of political campaigns, including anti-war, anti-racism, and anti-capitalist struggles. In recent years, the SP has focused its efforts on supporting community-based organizing and grassroots movements.

The PSL, on the other hand, was founded in the 1970s as a response to the need for a more radical approach to socialism. The PSL has been active in a variety of political campaigns, including anti-war, anti-racism, and anti-capitalist struggles. In recent years, the PSL has focused its efforts on supporting community-based organizing and grassroots movements.

The surge in activity on the left is a positive sign, as it indicates a growing recognition of the need for a political voice for the working class. However, it is also important to note that the left must continue to work towards building a more inclusive, democratic, and participatory political process.

The left must also work to address the root causes of inequality and injustice. This means addressing issues such as racism, sexism, and classism, as well as the structural problems that underlie these issues.

In conclusion, the surge in activity on the left is a positive sign, but it must be accompanied by a broader commitment to building a more inclusive, democratic, and participatory political process. The left must continue to work towards addressing the root causes of inequality and injustice, and to build a more just and equitable society for all.

The Second Fall of the Dollar

By Ernest Mandle

The fall of the dollar has had a significant impact on the global economy. The US dollar has lost a significant amount of its value, which has led to a decrease in the purchasing power of the US dollar. This has led to a decrease in the value of US exports, which has had a significant impact on the US economy.

The fall of the dollar has also had a significant impact on the US government. The US government has been forced to cut back on its spending, which has led to a decrease in the value of the dollar. This has led to a decrease in the value of US exports, which has had a significant impact on the US economy.

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The WORLD REVOLUTION

Left Gains in French Elections

BY TONY PAPALAJ

France’s general election yesterday affirmed the leftward swing that has persisted through the past 12 months. The Socialists, who have controlled the French government for the past five years, gained an additional 2 percent of the vote last night, bringing their total to 22 percent. The Communist Party, which had previously held 18 percent, gained an additional 1 percent, bringing its total to 19 percent. The National Front, which had previously held 9 percent, lost 1 percent of the vote, bringing its total to 8 percent.

The Socialist victory in the campaign was seen as a significant blow to the center-right coalition, which had held the presidency since 1995. The Socialists, under the leadership of President Francois Mitterrand, had promised to continue their policies of economic reform and social welfare, while the center-right coalition had pledged to continue their policies of austerity and privatization.

Confrontation in Trobiand Islands

BY ROY STONE

There are 17,000 people on the Trobriand Islands, a group of isolated islands in the South Pacific, divided into two main groups: the Ngomadake and the Talunmi. The Ngomadake are the dominant group, numbering 15,000, and the Talunmi are the minority group, numbering 2,000. The two groups have been at odds for decades over control of the land and resources.

Recently, a group of Ngomadake farmers began clearing land on the Talunmi’s land, leading to violence and bloodshed. The Talunmi have appealed to the United Nations for help, but the Ngomadake refuse to budge.

The situation is tense and there is a risk of a full-scale war. The United Nations has dispatched a team of mediators to try to resolve the conflict peacefully.

Palestine: Imperialism’s Hypocrisy

BY MALCOLM DAVIES

The Israeli government’s decision to expand its settlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip is a clear example of imperialism’s hypocrisy. The United States, which has long been a supporter of Israeli expansion, has consistently encouraged the Israeli government to pursue its expansionist goals.

The United States has also provided billions of dollars in military aid to Israel, which has been used to fund the expansion of settlements. The United States has also taken steps to support Israeli expansion, such as blocking the creation of a Palestinian state.

A new wave of demonstrations against Israeli settlement expansion has begun in the Middle East, with thousands of protesters taking to the streets in support of Palestinian rights.

Zionist Mysteria Reaches Australia

BY DAVID NEIL

The Australian government has recently announced plans to build a new military base in Israel. The base will be used to support military operations in the region, including the conflict in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The announcement has been widely condemned by human rights organizations, who have called for a boycott of Australian goods in protest.

Palestinian Solidarity Actions

Sydney Forum

BY FRANK MOBIL

The Sydney Forum, a local group committed to Palestinian solidarity, has organized a forum to discuss the situation in Palestine. The forum will take place on March 15 at 7 pm at the University of Sydney. The forum will feature speakers from across the country, including members of the Sydney Solidarity Group, the Australian Students Union, and the Australian Labor Party.

The forum is open to all, and all are welcome to attend.

5. African Students Fight Repression

BY JAMES MORRIS

The African Students Association (ASA) has called for a mass protest against the repression of student activists in South Africa. The ASA has been targeted by the South African government, which has accused the students of being involved in political activities.

The ASA has organized a protest for March 15 at 5 pm in Sydney Park, and all are welcome to attend.

D.A. Forum

BY FRANK TIMBERMAN

The D.A. Forum, a local group committed to African solidarity, has organized a forum to discuss the situation in South Africa. The forum will take place on March 16 at 7 pm at the University of Sydney. The forum will feature speakers from across the country, including members of the Sydney Solidarity Group, the Australian Students Union, and the Australian Labor Party.

The forum is open to all, and all are welcome to attend.
IN BRIEF:

Lancashire at Close of the 1930s

The Lancashire at Close of the 1930s saw a period of economic uncertainty and political unrest. The cotton industry, which had been the backbone of the local economy, was in decline due to increased competition from other countries and changes in fashion. The closure of many mills led to widespread unemployment and poverty. The Labour Party, which had been gaining popularity in the previous decade, used the economic crisis to build support among workers and won control of the Lancashire council in 1932. However, the Depression deepened and by the end of the decade, the party was facing challenges from the right-wing BUF and the Conservatives. The St. Anna's massacre of 1932, in which the Lancashire Police killed a political activist, further fueled anti-government sentiment. The 1935 election resulted in a Labour victory, but the party's power was eroded by the rise of fascism and the onset of World War II. The Lancashire at Close of the 1930s was a time of struggle and change, as the region adapted to the new economic and political reality.

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Melbourne

BY DOT TUNNEY

Two events marked International Women's Day in Melbourne this year. The two events, a speakout and a demonstration, were attended by roughly 2,000 people.

A women's speakout held on March 8 packed Melbourne's Assembly Hall to capacity. Probably 500 women attended to hear three short talks, including a brief history of International Women's Day. The rest of the time was taken up by women from the audience giving their own personal experiences of harassment and problem solving which they encountered around matters such as child care, working conditions, wage discrimination, abortion and other subjects.

At one stage the speakout was disrupted by two women from a sectarian group which calls itself the Spartacist League. They used the microphone and began to shout the women for fighting around women's liberation groups. Instead of 'protesting for revolution as a number of the women's liberation groups demand', women's groups were threatened, some women were absent, and it was not possible to give the impression that the people assembled were organizing independently to fight for the specific issues.

The audience's reception to this behaviour was hostile, showing that the audience present shared the sectarian illusory belief that women's rights would be won without a struggle conducted by women. Never has the revolutionary socialist movement been in better position to make its case than it is at present.

The second part of the International Women's Day celebrations was the march held on March 9. According to the Melbourne daily "The Herald", which gave the march front page coverage, 2,000 people demonstrated. Over three quarters of the marchers were women.

The march was put forward by the marchers.

- The right to work and equal pay
- Equal opportunities for work and education
- Free child care and pre-school facilities
- Safe abortion on request
- An end to unequal taxation and the growth of the economy of women, and how no aspect of men's life can be isolated or remain untouched by it.

The Commission reflected the growth and expansion of the movement over the past year or so. Of the women's groups participating in the event were organizations as diverse as Gay Women's Liberation, Women's Electors Lobby and Christian Women Concerned, along with women from a variety of women's liberation groups.

What was clearly revealed was the revolutionary nature of the women's liberation movement and its massive potential for reaching out to thousands of men, even the most downtrodden and exploited, and giving them a revolutionary understanding of the society around them, and the confidence to fight it. A recognition of the role of the family, one of the most important pillars of capitalism, is key to this process. Many women who testified had much to say, if anything about women's liberation but rapidly, and strongly identified with the movement, the movement of the women's liberation groups.

This was assumed by many of the women who spoke. However, what did come across was the need for a further, broader, more active movement.

Brisbane

BY JANE BECKMAN

On Friday March 9, women from the Women's Liberation movement and the Children by Choice Association staged a demonstration in King George Square about the theme: "Abortion is a woman's right to choose." The demonstration took place during the lunch-hour and about 30 women leafleted and spoke to the lunch-time crowd about the abortion issue. In Parramore from the Children by Choice movement the crowd and a very effective street theatre performance was the high point of the whole demonstration. Despite the fact that we had been refused a permit by the city council the police contented themselves with taking down people's names.

The situation regarding abortion in Queensland is particularly repressive. Legally, a woman can get seven years' jail for attempting to procure an abortion for herself or for another, the making of any person an abortion and a doctor can get up to four years. This is a force women in Queensland and the interstate state to go elsewhere to access safe abortions. The government's deepening threat attacks the very roots of the capitalist social system.

Adelaide

BY PENELPJE JACKSON

Women in Adelaide celebrated International Women's Day by marching through the city and holding a rally afterwards with the specific aim of talking with other women.

The march minutes were about 200. However, although small in numbers and strength and solidarity was overwhelm- ing. The longest march songs of liberation and chant the demands which were

Free abortion on demand
Free educational and child care centres
Free, readily available contraceptives
Equal job opportunity

Afterwards, at the rally, there was much theatre and two speakers. One outlined the demands of the march and the importance of them, and the other spoke on the topic of 'is statehood powerfull', basically outlining the fronts on which women can fight, stressing the need for women to build in outgrowing, powerful movement of reaching masses of women. Despite heavy criticisms of demonstrations from some sections in the Women's Liberation movement, the march proved to be a success and proved that women can indeed strike back against their oppression in this society in a confident and active way.