35,000 in New Zealand March Against the War

By George Fyon

Wellington

The April 30 March in support of antiwar demonstrations involved far fewer numbers than active opposition to the invasion of Cambodia. Despite the mobilization of up to 5,000 people across the country, we can be sure that even in the streets. This included a giant in Auckland, estimated to have drawn in 10,000 people. Auckland showed the largest, with a population of 600,000.

The central demand of the mobilization was to resist the withdrawal of all New Zealand, United States, and Allied forces from Indochina.

In other centres, the event also included 10,000 in Christchurch, 10,000 in Otago, and 2,000 in Palmerston North - a town of 50,000 people. A total of twelve cities and towns held what were described as their first protest against the war.

In Auckland, University students and other material supporting the mobilization issued a brief statement saying: "University students still make up the highest percentage of the anti-war movement."

Two days before the mobilization, the student movement in Auckland was led by the National Student Union (NSU) and the National Student Press Union (NSPU). The National Student Union accused the government of "stepping back from their own" by not responding to the students' demands. The NSPU issued a statement saying: "Our support for April 30 comes from a broad range of forces, and one person among many others is the government."

A couple of days after the demonstration on April 30, a statement was released which said: "We feel we are on the right side of history."

We are all aware of the final episode in the U.S. war, the Vietnam War. The mobilization was aimed at stopping the Vietnam War. The student demonstrations were not just against the war, but against the whole system of oppression. The students were expressing the needs of the people, the people who are being forced to fight the war.

As we go to press, the demands of the students have been met in many places. The government has announced a moratorium on conscription and has agreed to hold a referendum on the war. We can be sure that the war is coming to a close.

If you are happy with the demands of the students, we would encourage you to take part in the New Zealand March on April 30.

Support from the Labour Party and the Anti-War Movement

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On Thursday, April 8th, a meeting of over 300 students, called for by the SRC, took place. It is the second meeting this week on the issue of the University's lock-in. The previous meeting, held on Tuesday, was attended by around 30 people and was conducted by the SRC.

The meeting on Thursday was attended by over 300 students, many of whom have been excluded from the university.

**Melbourne Uni. Lock-In**

**Letter from Ceylon**

The covering letter from the International Women's Year (IYW) begins with a plea for help in the south-east of Ceylon, where the government's policies have led to widespread poverty and unemployment. The letter states that the government has taken no action to address these issues, and that the people are suffering greatly. The letter goes on to say that the government has implemented policies that have led to the displacement of thousands of people, and that this has resulted in widespread poverty and unemployment. The letter states that the government has done nothing to address these issues, and that the people are suffering greatly.

**Our Struggle with the Ceylon Government**

The letter from the Ceylon government states that it is committed to the development of the capital and to the improvement of the lives of its citizens. The letter goes on to say that the government has implemented policies that have led to the displacement of thousands of people, and that this has resulted in widespread poverty and unemployment. The letter states that the government has done nothing to address these issues, and that the people are suffering greatly.

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**Demonstration**

On Thursday, May 13th, TVA Melbourne staged a demonstration against the proposed cuts to the University of Melbourne's City Campus. The demonstration was attended by over 300 students, who were angry about the cuts and the university's lack of consultation. The demonstration went on to say that the university has not consulted with the students, and that this has resulted in widespread poverty and unemployment. The demonstration states that the university has done nothing to address these issues, and that the people are suffering greatly.

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LESSONS OF THE CANBERRA EVENTS

IAN MACDOUGALL

The giant green Arts Festival which was held at the Australian National University in late May this year was an extraordinary event for the center of the city. The festival was a large-scale demonstration of the power of collective action in promoting cultural and social change.

At a meeting held at the headquarters of the Australian National University on 21 May, the students, staff, and faculty discussed the impact of the festival on the university and the broader community. The meeting was attended by representatives from various groups, including the Australian Students Association, the Australian Workers Union, and the Australian Council of Trade Unions.

There was a strong sense of solidarity among the participants, who shared a commitment to fighting for a fairer and more just society. The festival had highlighted the strength of the movement and the potential for change that exists within the university and beyond.

The festival had also brought attention to the issues of climate change, social justice, and Indigenous rights. The students and faculty had organized a series of events, including lectures, workshops, and performances, to raise awareness of these issues and to encourage action.

The meeting concluded with a call to action, urging the university to support the demands of the students and to work towards a more inclusive and equitable society.

SOCIALIST LEFT VICTORY

MARGARET ROTHSTEIN

With the election result in Victoria of the Socialist Left, the Socialists Left in the ACT have made a significant breakthrough.

The Socialist Left is a political party that has been active in the ACT for many years. The party has a strong base of support among working-class and youth voters, and has been involved in a number of campaigns for social justice and economic equality.

The Socialist Left's successful outing in Victoria has shown that their message resonates with a wide range of voters. The party has been able to build on this momentum in the ACT, and is looking forward to future successes.

The Socialist Left's victory in Victoria is a sign of the changing political landscape in the ACT. The party has been able to mobilize a powerful base of supporters, and is well positioned to continue to make progress in the future.

Overall, the Socialist Left's victory is a cause for celebration, and a welcome addition to the political landscape in the ACT.
A SOCIALIST STRATEGY FOR WOMEN'S LIBERATION

NEW ZEALAND

Socialist Action League

Dear Comrades,

The Socialist Action League with its fervent revolutionary greetings to the general assembly of the Socialist Women's Alliance. It is with great pleasure and honor to address you on this occasion.

The growth of the Socialist Women's Alliance has been remarkable. It is a testament to the strength of the socialist movement and the solidarity of women around the world. We stand together, united in our struggle for a better world.

In New Zealand, we have made significant progress in recent years. The fight for women's rights has gained momentum, and we are closer than ever to achieving our goals.

We must continue to work together to overcome the challenges that confront us. Together, we can build a world where all women are free and equal.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]

U.S.A.

Comrades, the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA) is pleased to extend its revolutionary greetings to the general assembly of the Socialist Women's Alliance. It is with great honor and pride to address you on this occasion.

The YSA has been on the forefront of the socialist movement, fighting for the rights of women and the working class. We are committed to building a world where all women are free and equal.

In the United States, we have made significant progress in recent years. The fight for women's rights has gained momentum, and we are closer than ever to achieving our goals.

We must continue to work together to overcome the challenges that confront us. Together, we can build a world where all women are free and equal.

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
COPS ATTACK MAY DAY RALLY

In Melbourne, May Day began with a police attack on the protesters. At least 500 cops from the Victoria Police Force clashed with the demonstrators, who were mainly students and workers. The police used tear gas, batons, and water cannons to disperse the crowd. The attack was met with strong opposition from the Left, which accused the police of violence andbrace. The police action was seen as a violation of the right to peaceful assembly and protest. The situation escalated as the police continued to clash with the demonstrators, leading to several injuries and arrests. The protest was a statement against the government's policy of austerity measures and the cuts in social services, which had been met with widespread criticism across the nation.

MAY DAY 1971: AUSTRALIAN TROTSKYISM ADVANCES

Dave Holme

Aussie Trotskyism, revolution in a way it has not been since the days of the Spanish Civil War, has been on the increase. This is due to the rise of the Chinese Communist Party and the spread of its ideas. In the wake of the Chinese revolution, many people in Australia have become interested in the ideas of Trotskyism. The Trotskyist movement has been growing steadily, with new groups forming and existing ones expanding. The movement has been active in Labour Day parades, and in recent years, it has been organizing rallies and demonstrations to spread its message.

HIGH SCHOOL STORY

Teachers at Preston East, with few exceptions, made their students very poorly. General education was a day-to-day affair, with no real sense of direction. Students were barely taught to prepare themselves for life after school. To be realistic, the most important minds at the high school were those of the teachers. The teachers were the ones who taught, and the students were the ones who learned. The students, on the other hand, were barely taught to think for themselves. They were taught to accept what they were told, and to follow the rules without question. The school was a place of conformity, and the students were expected to conform.

LABORERS COMEDY

The May Day march from the Yarra Yarra to the Melbourne CBD was an event that brought together workers from all over the country. It was a day of unity and solidarity, where workers from different industries and backgrounds came together to demand better conditions and rights. The march was accompanied by music and dance, creating a festive atmosphere. It was a day of celebration, where workers showed their power and solidarity.

The Melbourne Trades and Labour Council, the largest union in Australia, was one of the key organizers of the event. They had worked hard to ensure that the event went off without a hitch. The council was made up of representatives from all the major unions, and they had been working together for months to plan the event. The council was made up of representatives from all the major unions, and they had been working together for months to plan the event.

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RACISM IN A NEW GUINEA HOSPITAL

In this interview, Barbara Coren spoke to the staff of Port Moresby General Hospital in Papua New Guinea about the discrimination faced by patients of black Pacific Islander ethnicity. The hospital, as well as other medical facilities in the region, are often understaffed and underfunded, leading to a lack of care and proper treatment for patients. The interviews highlight the struggles faced by medical professionals and patients alike in the region.

"I've seen cases where patients are denied treatment because they are non-English speaking or black Pacific Islander. It's a systemic problem that needs to be addressed.

The hospital often faces a shortage of medical staff, especially doctors and nurses, which leads to a lack of care and attention for patients.

The medical facilities in the region are often understaffed and underfunded, leading to a lack of proper treatment for patients. The interviews highlight the struggles faced by medical professionals and patients alike in the region.

"We need to address the systemic issues that lead to this kind of discrimination. It's not just about treating patients, it's about ensuring they receive the care they need and deserve."

Power to the People

JOHN LENNON & YOKO ONO

TALK TO ROBIN BLACKBURN & TARIQ ALI

7.4. Your latest record and your recent public statements, especially the interviews in Rolling Stone magazine, suggest that you are increasingly interested in politics. What do you mean by this?

7.5. How do you see your role in the world? Are you trying to make a difference or simply entertain people?

7.6. Why is it that for the past three years you’ve been working with a political group? Did you ever consider forming your own political party or running for office?

7.7. What do you think is the single most important issue facing the world today?

7.8. In your opinion, what is the most effective way to address this issue? And what steps do you think need to be taken?

7.9. What do you think the role of art and culture is in promoting social change?

7.10. How do you see your role as an artist in relation to your role as a political activist?

7.11. What do you think the relationship between art and politics should be?

7.12. What do you think the role of art and culture is in promoting social change?

7.13. How do you see your role as an artist in relation to your role as a political activist?

7.14. What do you think the relationship between art and politics should be?
2.8. No, they weren’t. With 10 million workers on strike they could have taken over one of the biggest factories in the region. But they didn’t. They just sat there and did nothing.

2.9. I can’t believe that anyone would actually believe that.

3.4. Yes, this is a real problem. But what about the other problems?

5.3. I’m not sure what you mean by ‘other problems’.

6.7. I think you need to look at the bigger picture.

7.6. Yes, but that’s not the only thing that’s happening.

12.6. And what about the environment?

15.4. It’s not a small issue.

18.1. I’m not sure what you mean by ‘small issue’.

3.2. I think we need to start thinking about the larger implications.

4.5. But what about the immediate needs of the workers?

7.9. I think we need to prioritize.

10.3. But what about the long-term sustainability of the industry?

15.1. I think we need to consider both.

18.7. Yes, but we can’t ignore the immediate needs.

3.1. I think we need to start taking action.

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Over the last year I have been questioned as to the attitudes of Left Socialists towards the Israeli invasion in Respect of the West Bank. I have always maintained that this invasion is illegal and a violation of the right to self-determination of the Palestinian people. I have also stated that Left Socialists should support the Palestinian people in their struggle for freedom.

The invasion of the West Bank by Israel has taken place without the consent of the Palestinian people. It is a violation of international law and a breach of the obligations of the United Nations. The Right of Self-Determination is a fundamental right of all peoples and is enshrined in the United Nations Charter. The Israeli invasion has deprived the Palestinian people of their right to self-determination.

The invasion has also had a profound impact on the Palestinian economy. The closure of the West Bank and Gaza Strip has led to the loss of employment and income for millions of Palestinians. The right to work is a fundamental right of all people and is essential for the well-being of society.

Furthermore, the invasion has led to the displacement of hundreds of thousands of Palestinians from their homes. The right to return to one's home is a fundamental right of all people and is enshrined in international law. The Israeli invasion has deprived the Palestinian people of their right to return to their homes.

In conclusion, I believe that Left Socialists should support the Palestinian people in their struggle for freedom. The invasion of the West Bank by Israel is a violation of international law and a breach of the obligations of the United Nations. The right to self-determination, the right to work, and the right to return to one's home are fundamental rights of all people and must be respected.

The Red Mole

Revolutionary internationalist Marxist fortnightly, edited by Peter Newton.

Our aim is to provide a forum for discussion and debate on Marxist theory and practice. We welcome contributions on all aspects of Marxist analysis, from articles and reviews topolemics and debates. We also publish book reviews, reports of meetings and events, and other reports of interest to the international Marxist movement.

We welcome letters from all over the world, and we encourage our readers to become involved in the debate. If you have any comments or suggestions, please feel free to contact us.