NO MORE HIROSHIMAS!

STOP FRENCH N-TESTS

LABOR MUST ACT NOW!

Abortion demo set for June 30
Watergate Exposures
Unmask Capitalism
Why Labor Lost Victorian Election
DIRECT ACTION

Repeal All Abortion Laws

MARCH SET FOR JUNE 30

The struggle of women for the right to decide their personal lives has emerged internationally. This struggle has been met with the most vicious of attempts to repress the women of this world. In the United States, the legislation has been passed to stop any women's right to abortion. The struggle continues in Australia, but the opposition has also been met with fierce resistance.

MARCH JUNE 30!

Assembly
Sydney Town Hall 10am

STOP
 BUT CHERRING
THE BODIES
AND LIVES
OF WOMEN
FREE ABORTIONS,
FREE PAY AND
FREE CARE

BADGES
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Sydney 2000

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ADELAIDE: 210, 320, 720, 100, Adelaide 1000
BRISBANE: 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, Brisbane 900
MELBOURNE: 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, Melbourne 3000

 Builders Laborers Fight For Permanency

BUILDERS, LABORERS, FARM WORKERS, ORGANIZERS, and the whole building industry are fighting for a union that will make the building industry a better place to work.

SURVIVAL OF THE FIT? OR FIT TO SURVIVE?

In the current economic climate, the question of survival becomes more pressing. A union that can organize the building industry can make a real difference. The building industry is one of the largest employers in Australia. If we can organize the building industry, we can improve the lives of all workers in the industry. The building industry is a crucial sector of the economy, and we must work to make it a better place to work.
Illusions Persist Over Viet ‘Peace’

BY JIM PERRY

The big war is not over. North Vietnam's official spokesmen have been going out of their way to disavow that they had ever agreed to the Geneva Treaty. And yet North Vietnam is very much part of the problem. It is a country that is not recognized by the international community, but it is a country that is very much part of the problem.

Although the peace conference was called in Geneva, it is clear that the United States has been very much involved in the negotiations. The United States has been very much involved in the negotiations because it is a country that is part of the problem.

The situation is complex. It is not clear what the United States is trying to achieve by participating in the negotiations. It is not clear what the United States is trying to achieve by participating in the negotiations because it is a country that is part of the problem.

Protest on Prices

BY DAVE DRESDEN

There has been a lot of talk about the price of things in the news lately. The price of things is very important because it affects our everyday lives. The price of things is very important because it affects our everyday lives because it is a country that is part of the problem.

The price of things is very important because it affects our everyday lives because it is a country that is part of the problem because it is a country that is part of the problem.

Labor Must Act to Halt French Tests

BY FRANK TIMMERMAN

The French government is planning to test nuclear weapons in the Pacific. This is a very serious problem because it is a country that is part of the problem.

The French government is planning to test nuclear weapons in the Pacific because it is a country that is part of the problem because it is a country that is part of the problem.

Protests continue to grow across the country. The protesters are demanding that the French government stop its nuclear testing. The protesters are demanding that the French government stop its nuclear testing because it is a country that is part of the problem.

The protesters are demanding that the French government stop its nuclear testing because it is a country that is part of the problem because it is a country that is part of the problem.

DIRECT ACTION FORUMS

Sydney
A HST JOHN ROAD, CROYDON

Melbourne
34 RUE GABRIEL MONTIGNY, GABRIEL

For more information on the anti-nuclear movement, contact your local direct action forum.
The Background to Labor's Defeat

By Jim McIlroy

Labor's loss in the 1968 Victorian election was a major setback for the Labor Party. The defeat was not unexpected, given the state of the economy and the public's dissatisfaction with the government. However, the extent of the loss was surprising, with the Liberal Party winning a clear majority in both houses of parliament.

The election campaign was a bitter struggle, with both parties attacking each other's record. The Liberal Party emphasized the state's economic problems and Labor's failures to address them. Labor, on the other hand, accused the Liberals of mismanagement and incompetence.

The result was a clear victory for the Liberals, with the ALP losing more than 30 seats in the lower house and a number of seats in the upper house. This was a significant loss for the ALP, which had held a majority in both houses for many years.

The defeat was a blow to the ALP's hopes of regaining power in the state, and it raised questions about the party's future. The election showed that the public was dissatisfied with the ALP's performance, and the party needed to come up with a new strategy if it was to succeed in future elections.

In conclusion, the 1968 Victorian election was a significant event in the history of Australian politics. It marked the end of an era for the ALP, and it presented a new set of challenges for the party. The ALP needs to learn from its mistakes and come up with a new strategy if it is to succeed in future elections.
Defeat for Abortion Bill

BY MIA RING

The defeat of the Bill means that about 200,000 women in the United States will have to continue to use abortion services. The legislation, which was introduced by Congressman Henry Reuss of Wisconsin, would have placed the ban on abortion services.

Women's Embassy

Valley and the women of other eastern European countries are determined to fight for abortion, which is a basic human right. Women have the right to decide when and if they want to have a child. The right to abortion is a fundamental human right. Women should have control over their bodies and their reproductive health. This includes the right to make decisions about pregnancy and birth.

Pro-Abortion Rally

BY MURNA POWE

On Thursday May 10, a rally was held in Melbourne City Square to support the Women's Abortion Bill. The rally was organized by the Women's Abortion Action Committee and was attended by over 2,000 people. The rally was led by Sabrina, Leader of the Women's Action for Abortion Rights and泽和泽 and was supported by the Melbourne Women's Health Action Committee.

Women in Revolt

WOMEN LEAD US MEAT BOYCOTT

EVELYN REED IN NEW ZEALAND

Evelyn Reed in New Zealand

Evelyn Reed is a well-known feminist and women's rights activist. She was born in the United States and moved to New Zealand in the 1970s. Reed is known for her work in the women's liberation movement and has been a vocal advocate for women's rights. She has been a prominent figure in the New Zealand women's rights movement and has been involved in a number of important causes.

Mothers' Day Demonstration

BY TINA LAVANT

The Feminists Women Liberation movement held a demonstration on May 11. The demonstration was called the "Women's Day of Action" and was held in solidarity with the International Women's Day protests around the world. The demonstration was attended by over 5,000 people and was chaired by Sabrina, Leader of the Women's Action for Abortion Rights.

Secondary Student Action

BY MIKE JONES

Students demonstrate outside the boarding houses on the campus of the University of Melbourne. The students are protesting against the university's decision to cut funding for the Women's Studies program. The students believe that this decision is a violation of their human rights. They believe that the university should provide equal access to education for all students, regardless of their gender or gender identity.
Pentridge Prisoners Go on Strike

Gay Rally Marks Death of Duncan

DA Sellers Attacked

Socialist Youth Alliance
4th National Conference

GREETINGS TO CONFERENCE

ARGENTINA: Socialist Workers Party

JAPAN: Revolutionary Communist League

VENEZUELA: Venezuelan Trotskyist Group

USA: Young Socialist Alliance

Help us sweep.
JOIN SYA!

Send to 112 St Johns Rd, Glebe, New South Wales.
THE ROAD TO FREEDOM

By George Novack

INDIVIDUALS AND THE CLASS STRUGGLE

The road to freedom starts now. It is a long and arduous journey, but we must begin if we are to achieve our goals. Freedom and U.S. capitalism can only be achieved through struggle and revolution. The road to freedom is not paved with easy solutions, but it is a path that we must take if we are to创造 a better world.

The road to freedom is not for the weak or the faint of heart. It requires courage, determination, and a willingness to fight for what we believe in. It is a journey that will test our strength and our resolve, but it is a journey that we must undertake if we are to live in a world that is free from oppression and exploitation.

The road to freedom is not for everyone. It requires a commitment to the struggle for freedom and a willingness to sacrifice for the cause. It is a journey that will be difficult, but it is also a journey that will be rewarding.

The road to freedom is not a journey that can be undertaken alone. It requires the support and solidarity of others. We must work together to build a strong movement for freedom and to create a world that is free for all.

The road to freedom is a journey that we must all undertake if we are to create a world that is free from oppression and exploitation. It is a journey that requires courage, determination, and a willingness to fight for what we believe in. And it is a journey that we must all take if we are to create a world that is free for all.
ON THE PICKET LINE

Insurance Workers Win Pay Rise

The Insurance Workers Union has won a significant pay rise for its members. The union has secured a 5% increase in wages, which is expected to boost the earnings of thousands of workers across the industry. The victory follows months of negotiations and union members have been commended for their hard work and dedication.

Militant Victimized

John O'Brien, a militant victim of racism, recently won a significant victory in his fight against discrimination. O'Brien, who is a member of the Australian Workers Union (AWU), was the victim of a racially motivated attack at work. After reporting the incident to the union, O'Brien was given support and eventually received compensation through the awards system. The union has called for a zero-tolerance approach to racism in the workplace.

WORKERS CONTROL CONFERENCE

The debate on workers' control remains as relevant today as it was two years ago. The first conference on workers' control was held in 1970, and since then there has been a significant increase in the number of workers' control arrangements. The conference provided a platform for workers to discuss their experiences of workers' control and to share ideas for further development.

Trainee Teachers

The Australian Teachers Union (ATU) held a mass meeting on May 18 to discuss their continuing fight for better conditions and pay for trainee teachers. The union has been campaigning for several months for an increase in pay and better working conditions for trainee teachers. The meeting was attended by hundreds of trainee teachers and teachers' assistants.

Vic. Tramways Women Continue to Fight

The Vic. Tramways Women's Association has continued its fight for better conditions and pay for women workers. The union has been fighting for several years for equal pay and conditions for women workers in the tramways industry. The union's latest demonstration was held on May 10, and it was attended by hundreds of women workers and supporters.
The World Revolution

US Demonstrations Protest Inflation

By GREG HEATH

Demonstrators in Washington, D.C., staged a protest against inflation on May 4, in response to rising prices for food, gasoline and housing.

The demonstration, organized by the National Committee for Jobs and Income, drew thousands of people to the White House grounds. The protesters carried signs reading "High inflation is everywhere," and "Inflation hurts us all!"

The demonstrators chanted slogans such as "No more high interest rates!" and "Bring back gold!"

The protest was one of many in the United States in recent weeks that have been organized in response to the continuing high rate of inflation. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) hit a record high of 4.4% in April, and continues to climb.

About the only people who seem to be happy about inflation are those who are buying gold and silver bullion, which has soared in value.

The CPI measures the cost of a basket of goods and services, and includes food, energy, housing and other necessities. The rate of inflation is calculated by comparing the cost of the basket of goods in one month to the cost of the same basket in the previous month.

The rate of inflation is also influenced by factors such as changes in the value of the dollar, the rate of productivity growth, and changes in the price of oil.

The high rate of inflation has led to widespread protests and demands for action. Some people are calling for a return to the gold standard, while others are demanding that the government take steps to control prices and stabilize the economy.

Student Upheavals in France

Mobilise in France

Interview with Michel Field

Students and unionists in France have been taking to the streets in recent weeks to protest against the government's policies. The French government, led by President Francois Mitterrand, has implemented a series of reforms that have angered many people.

The reforms include changes to the education system, as well as cuts to social programs and subsidies for students. The government has also imposed new taxes and increased the minimum wage.

The protests have been largely organized by students and unionists, who have been demanding that the government reverse the reforms. The protests have included marches, boycotts of classes, and sit-ins outside government buildings.

The government has responded to the protests with violence, with police using tear gas and water cannon toindrome protesters. The government has also imposed strict laws against demonstrations that are not approved in advance.

The protests have continued for several weeks, with no signs of abating. The situation remains tense, with clashes between protesters and police still occurring.

Chilean Fascists Launch New Offensive

Students and unionists in Chile have been demanding an end to the military dictatorship of General Augusto Pinochet. The military junta has been in power since 1973, and has been accused of human rights abuses, torture, and political repression.

The dictatorship has been supported by the United States, which has provided military and economic aid to Chile. However, many people in Chile and around the world have called for an end to the dictatorship, and for free and fair elections.

The Chilean government has responded to the protests with violence, with security forces using tear gas and rubber bullets to disperse demonstrators. The government has also imposed strict laws against demonstrations that are not approved in advance.

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Terror Bombing of Cambodia

Since the January 27 signing of the Paris Peace Accords in 1973, Cambodia has been under the control of the Khmer Rouge. The Khmer Rouge, led by Pol Pot, have been responsible for the deaths of millions of people.

The Khmer Rouge have been accused of torture, murder, and other violent acts. They have also been accused of forcing people to work in labor camps, and of using forced labor to build highways and other public works projects.

The Khmer Rouge have been in power since 1975, and have been accused of imposing a cruel and repressive regime.

The United Nations has been pressuring the Khmer Rouge to release political prisoners and to allow humanitarian aid into the country. However, the Khmer Rouge have refused to do so.

The situation in Cambodia remains tense, with clashes between the Khmer Rouge and other political groups still occurring.
Zionists Celebrate 25th Anniversary

By Peter Arison

The Zionists' Maccabiah Games, which started in Tel Aviv, Israel, grew from a small sporting event into a major international competition for Jewish athletes. The Games began in 1932 as a way to promote unity and national pride among Jews worldwide. Today, the Maccabiah is one of the largest international athletic events, attracting athletes from around the globe.

Attacks on the Palestinian villages of Beit Safafa and Jabel-Mukh instead of the Jerusalem villages of Nebi Samwil and Eizariya, which were the original target of the Israeli attack, have raised questions about the Israeli military's intentions. The Israeli government claimed that it was responding to a Hamas rocket attack, but critics say the attacks were part of a broader strategy to expand Israeli control in the occupied territories.

In the wake of the attacks, the United Nations has called for a ceasefire and the immediate withdrawal of all Israeli forces from Palestinian territory. The UN has also urged both sides to resume peace talks, which have stalled since 2014.

The Maccabiah Games have been criticized for perpetuating the normalization of Israel's occupation of Palestinian territories. However, many Jews see the Games as a way to promote Jewish solidarity and cultural exchange.

Settlements and the War on Terror

The Israeli government has faced criticism for its policies towards the Palestinian territories, including the establishment of settlements and the ongoing conflict with Hamas. The United Nations has repeatedly called for a two-state solution, but Israel has continued to expand its settlements in the West Bank.

The conflict has also been linked to the war on terror, with some arguments suggesting that the conflict has been used to justify increased military spending and surveillance. Critics argue that this is counterproductive and undermines the chances of achieving a lasting peace.

Watergate: An Indictment of Capitalism

By Walter Cronkite

In 1972, the Watergate political scandal began with the break-in at the Democratic National Committee headquarters in Washington, D.C. The break-in was planned by members of President Richard Nixon's campaign team as a way to gain information on political opponents. The scandal grew as more evidence emerged, leading to the resignation of Nixon and the conviction of several of his aides.

The Watergate scandal exposed the corruption and manipulations that had been part of the Watergate campaign. It also revealed the government's willingness to use the intelligence community to obtain political information and the extent of Nixon's personal involvement.

The Watergate scandal led to significant reforms in the government's handling of intelligence and information, including the establishment of the Office of Independent Counsel. It also underscored the importance of independent oversight and the need for accountability in government operations.

Since the Watergate scandal, there have been several other political scandals in the United States, including the Iran-Contra affair and the Monica Lewinsky scandal. While these scandals have exposed corruption and wrongdoing, they have also led to significant reforms and changes in government operations.

The Watergate scandal has become a symbol of the need for accountability and transparency in government, as well as the importance of independent oversight and checks on governmental power.
LABOR IN POWER
AN ANALYSIS BY SOL SALBY
PART 2: THE LEFT

The article by Sol Salby discusses the labor movement in power, focusing on the left. The left-wing parties in power have faced challenges and have been influenced by various factors. The article examines the strategies and actions taken by these parties to maintain their power and address the issues faced by the working class. The analysis includes historical context, political policies, and the role of labor unions and social movements in shaping the political landscape. The article also highlights the importance of coalition building and the role of independent labor parties in the political process.
AUSTRALIAN LABOR HISTORY
PART 9
THE 1954 SPLIT
BY PETER CONRICK

L.J. AND THE COMMUNIST PARTY

The Labor leader slowly loses his grip on the party, and in March 1954, the Communist Party in Australia
issues a 'Dear Friend' letter announcing its decision to disassociate itself from Labor. The letter
states that the Communist Party has been involved in Labor for many years and has
played a significant role in its history. However, it is now clear that Labor is
not a suitable partner for the Communist Party, and it is therefore
necessary to disassociate itself from Labor.

CAUCUS ACTIVATION, THE MOVEMENT, AND THE RISE OF THE COMMITTEE

The Labor leader is faced with a difficult decision. He must decide whether to
continue with the Communist Party or to form a new party. In the end, he
chooses to form a new party, which is known as the Labor Party.

AS IT IS, CONCLUSION OF "HARMONIZATION"

The Labor Party is established, and the Communist Party is
abolished. The Labor Party is led by L.J., who is
now the prime minister of Australia.

The Labor Party is successful, and it
wins the next election. L.J. becomes
prime minister, and he continues to
lead the Labor Party for many years.

IN BRIEF:

L.J. DIES

The Labor leader dies in 1960, and
the party is led by his successor, who
continues his legacy.

THE CURTAIN FALLS

The Labor Party is no longer
necessary, and it is dissolved.

THE END

The story of the Labor Party
and the Communist Party is
over.
CAPITALISTS OBSTRUCT LABOR'S REFORMS
LABOR MUST FIGHT!!

BY SOL SABLE

The combined votes of the Liberal, Country, and Democratic Labor parties are being used to obstruct Labor's program. The combined Opposition parties have a majority of 30 seats in the Lower House. There are also three independent members. So, for all intents and purposes, the Opposition is the government. The Labor government's attempts to pass a Bill to provide for social justice in the workplace have been met with the opposition of all three parties, including those who have backed the ALP in the past elections. The Bill has been defeated in both houses, and the Opposition's tactics are expected to continue.

The obstruction has resulted in considerable discussion of a double dissolution election, which may be held in the next few months. The election could result in a liberal government and the resignation of several members of the present Labor government. The Opposition has already begun its preparations for the election, and it is expected that the Labor government will be facing a difficult fight.

The obstruction is not the only problem facing Labor. The government has also been criticized for its handling of the economic downturn and its failure to address social justice issues. Despite these challenges, Labor's record in office has been generally positive, and it is expected to continue to lead the country for some time to come.

LABOR FOR UNION DEMOCRACY?

BY JM McLeary

One of the provisions of the Federal Conciliation and Arbitration Act is that the Conciliation and Arbitration Act. This act ensures that the rights of union members are protected and that the system of collective bargaining is maintained. The act provides for the settlement of industrial disputes and for the payment of claims for the benefit of union members. In many cases, union officials are elected by a collegiate system, in which ordinary union members are elected as spokesmen who then elect union officials.

The new provision, which is expected to come into force in the near future, will ensure that the rights of union members are protected and that the system of collective bargaining is maintained. The act provides for the settlement of industrial disputes and for the payment of claims for the benefit of union members. In many cases, union officials are elected by a collegiate system, in which ordinary union members are elected as spokesmen who then elect union officials.

The implementation of this provision will be a significant step forward in ensuring that the rights of union members are protected and that the system of collective bargaining is maintained. The act provides for the settlement of industrial disputes and for the payment of claims for the benefit of union members. In many cases, union officials are elected by a collegiate system, in which ordinary union members are elected as spokesmen who then elect union officials.