Bush, Hawke, get out of the Gulf!

US KILLS FOR OIL

He's finally done it.

George Bush has unleashed his F-18 and Stealth bombers to destroy and burn the cities of Iraq and Kuwait.

The US military expects to kill at least 100,000 Iraqis. They will not be the rich, but the workers whose jobs are in the oil refineries, the airports and other “strategic” facilities the US is reducing to rubble. The dead will be the poor and hungry of the cities who do not have air raid bunks and homes to shelter in.

George Bush's war is imperialism with its veil torn aside to show the calculated brutality and ruthlessness our rulers are capable of.

Bush says it is a war against aggression.

What hypocrisy! This is just the latest in a long and bloody line of aggressions by the US. They invaded Panama, Grenada and Vietnam and mined the harbours of Nicaragua.

Nearly two million died as a result of America’s attempt to dominate Vietnam. Whole sections of the country were turned into wasteland. To this day the US maintains an economic embargo aimed at crushing the country that refused to bow to its demands.

Hawke and Bush say that Saddam is a danger and has to be stopped.

But they spent eight years backing him in his war against Iran. He got many of his weapons from Western companies.

This is not a war against aggression, but a war for oil.

It is a war to consolidate US control over the world's greatest supplier, to entrench the fabulous profits of the oil companies.

And it is a war to re-establish the right and the ability of the US military to intervene wherever they choose.

This is not our war, but the war of our enemies—Hawke, Bush and the ruling classes they represent.

It's a war we must stop, using all the means at our disposal.

Inside:

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International Socialist Organisation

Don't party in jail

Funds to fight against the war

Although our rulers want blood...

Bush's brutal war can be beaten

How to organise against the war

Join the International Socialist Organisation

Please send me more information about how socialists are organising to stop the Gulf war.

Are sanctions the alternative to war?

Turkish strikers oppose war drive

ONE OF George Bush’s key allies in the Middle East is facing a massive revolt from below. PHOTO from the Black Sea city of Zonguldak have led a strike which has forced one of Newcastle’s meatworks to close. Over 100,000 workers in the steel, coal, textile, and transport industries have walked out against new pay deals that the government has imposed. There is a growing feeling that the workers in Zonguldak have fought back against a plan to privatise the steel industry. The strike in Zonguldak is the first in Turkey to be declared illegal, although workers in other cities have been taking action.

DICTATE

But the US does not have to dictate to Turkey. There is a popular movement in Israel and the Palestinian territories to challenge the US occupation. The strike in Zonguldak is an important step towards building a united front against the US war on the Middle East.

PUBLIC MEETINGS

No Gulf War US & AUST out!

MELBOURNE
Men's Hall, 170 Spencer St, Melbourne
Monday 21 Jan 7.30pm
SYDNEY
Trades Hall, 4 Campbell St, City
Tuesday 22 Jan 7.30pm
BRISBANE
Melbourne Club, 200 George St
Wednesday 23 Jan 7.30pm
Canberra
Blair Hall, Workers Club, Childrens Centre
Thursday 24 Jan 7.30pm

Does Saddam threaten world peace?

PERSIA is the single most powerful force in the Middle East. But the US and its allies are determined to conquer it. The Bush government has launched a massive military buildup in the region, including the deployment of US troops to Kuwait. There are fears that this could lead to war with Iran.

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The country the US ‘liberated’

US troops immediately began major operations, including 4200 people, mostly American, working at the airport. American forces supplied by the CIA and also other groups, including the Kurdish nationalist groups, continue to operate in Afghanistan.

The US invasion began on October 3 and is still ongoing. The US has not yet declared an end to the war, and there are fears that the conflict may escalate. The war has already caused widespread suffering and destruction. The US invasion has been condemned by the international community, including the UN Security Council.

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**CLASS STRUGGLE IN THE LUCKY COUNTRY...**

**CES CUTS SPARK WORKERS’ ANGER**

IN THESE tough times the odds of industrial disputes tend to favour the employer. But the present conflict in CES offices in Victoria shows the potential for swaying this around.

Theesen of various employers, police, and officials have been in CES offices being interviewed.

This is part of the pattern set by the unions and is central to the practice by Australian employers who believe in the right of workers to be interviewed.

CES workers have been in control of the situation in the past.

**SOLUTION**

The solution is to involve the union in the process and to negotiate the terms of the interview.

CEFUS, the union, has been involved in the situation in the past.

Drug changes needed

**Conditions for sale**

The number of workers who have been interviewed is significant.

**Reviews perform boss’s job**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.

**NSW bill threat**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.

**REFUSED**

As盍ashboarders push for an increase in the number of interviewed workers, the company has been asked to reconsider the issue.

**CHEAP SHOTS**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.

**Super ceded**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.

**Just desserts**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.

**Spy v Spy**

The number of interviewed workers is significant.
CLASS STRUGGLE IN THE LUCKY COUNTRY...

CES CUTS SPARK WORKERS’ ANGER

IN THESE tough times the odds of industrial disputes tend to favour the employer. But the present conflict in CES offices in Victoria shows the potential for swinging this around.

The behaviour of the Victorian Federal Union of Retail Employees and Clerks’ Associations, and Trade Unions (VFRUCATU) is only one example of a national trade union conference (NFTUC) following the initiative of the Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) to organise a national conference to discuss industrial relations issues.

The new conferences of the ACTU, which will cover for the first time the entire country, will provide an opportunity for all workers to put their demands forward. This is part of the move to broaden the scope of industrial action and to make the union movement more open to the needs of workers in the executive and middle class.

CUT OFF

The government also wants to make sure that CEUs continue to employ the workers who are part of the new conferences. The workers in the CES offices will be paid a lower rate of pay than in the old system, and they will have to work harder to keep up the same standard of work. The government wants to make sure that the CES offices continue to operate at a reduced level, and to prepare for the possibility of a national conference to discuss industrial relations issues.

SOLUTION

The solution is for workers to come together to organise a national conference to discuss industrial relations issues. This is the only way to ensure that the CES offices continue to operate at a reduced level, and to prepare for the possibility of a national conference to discuss industrial relations issues.

No right to strike

The government has issued an order that all workers in the CES offices must be paid at the rate of pay for the new conferences. The workers in the CES offices will be paid a lower rate of pay than in the old system, and they will have to work harder to keep up the same standard of work. The government wants to make sure that the CES offices continue to operate at a reduced level, and to prepare for the possibility of a national conference to discuss industrial relations issues.

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SPC DEAL—WHO PAYS FOR THE RECESSION?

By Liz Ross

NOW THAT the Hawke government has brought on the recession that was "just to have" workers are starting to really feel the effects.

Despite promises by the finance minister and other members of the ministerial council that the government would not facilitate wage cuts as a solution to the budget deficit, it is now clear that the government is not prepared to take any action to reduce the budget deficit.

The SPC deal represents the government’s readiness to sacrifice workers to meet the needs of the big companies, as the workers pay the cost of the recession.

Wage cuts don’t save jobs

SOCIALISTS unreasonably reject the government’s proposal to cut the pay of the workers in the state-owned textile, clothing, and footwear industries.

The government’s proposal to cut the pay of the workers in the state-owned textile, clothing, and footwear industries is a direct result of the government’s refusal to take any action to reduce the budget deficit.

WORKERS have rejected the government’s proposal to cut the pay of the workers in the state-owned textile, clothing, and footwear industries.

REFUSED

Workers in the textile, clothing, and footwear industries have rejected the government’s proposal to cut the pay of the workers in the state-owned textile, clothing, and footwear industries.

May we quote you?

"The result is a confirmation that the national government is not a reliable partner in the fight against unemployment." — John Halliday

"The SPC deal means that the government will sacrifice workers to meet the needs of the big companies, as the workers pay the cost of the recession." — Liz Ross

THE SOCIALIST JANUARY 1983—PAGE 7
Why we say no to war in the Gulf

Won't it be a war to defend democracy?

War in the Gulf is not a war to defend democracy. Many US forces certainly aren’t defending democracy in Kuwait.

The invasion of Kuwait by the Iraqis is not only a war to defend democracy, it is a war to destroy democracy. The US forces are not there to protect democracy, they are there to enforce it. They are not there to defend the rights of the Kuwaiti people, they are there to establish US control over Kuwait.

Isn’t Saddam Hussein another Hitler?

Saddam is not a Hitler. Saddam has been a leader of the Iraqi people for over 25 years. He has been a democratically elected leader and he has been a leader who has fought for the rights of the Iraqi people. He has been a leader who has worked for the development of Iraq and the welfare of its people.

Shouldn’t the UN and major powers defend small countries?

Since when has any US government or the United Nations ever been concerned about the rights and interests of small countries? Remember it was the US that invaded Panama in 1989 without the consent of the Panamanian government.

What about the precedent of the US and the UN in the past?

The US has a history of invading countries without the consent of their governments. It has done this in countries such as Panama, Grenada, Iraq, and Yugoslavia. The US has also used the UN as a tool to justify its actions.

Isn’t Saddam preparing to use chemical weapons?

Saddam is preparing to use chemical weapons. He has been using them in the past and he has been preparing for their use in the future. He has been developing nuclear, biological, and chemical weapons for many years.

Shouldn’t the UN be given time to work?

Sanctions are not the solution. They are a form of economic warfare and they are designed to weaken the economy of a country and to create a sense of isolation.

What can we do?

We can show solidarity with the people of the Gulf by supporting the movements for peace and democracy. We can organize demonstrations and rallies to show our support for these movements.

Can the war be stopped?

Yes. It can be stopped. The UN has the power to intervene and stop the war. We can demand that the UN take action and we can demand that the UN put pressure on the US and the UK to stop the war.

Should we look to the UN to find a solution?

Yes. The UN has the power to intervene and to stop the war. We can demand that the UN take action and we can demand that the UN put pressure on the US and the UK to stop the war.

International Socialist Organisation

For more information about the ISO, ring Melbourne 03 318 330, Sydney 921 4822 or Brisbane 229 323—or write to GSPO Box 1734, Melbourne, 3001.
Behind the crisis in the Gulf lies...

It is only just over a year... though it now seems a lifetime ago, when we were both young and idealists. But the crisis of Iraq in Eastern Europe which had been so new to us and our generation... is not going to end. It is only just over a year... though it now seems a lifetime ago, when we were both young and idealists. But the crisis of Iraq in Eastern Europe which had been so new to us and our generation... is not going to end.

MICHAEL DAVIES and JULIE BRYANT's analysis of the issues surrounding the Gulf crisis highlights the need for a radical change in international relations. They argue that the United States and its allies are using the war in Iraq as a means to assert their dominance over the Middle East and to maintain their global power. The crisis in the Gulf is not just about oil and weapons, but about power and ideology. The United States and its allies are using the war in Iraq to advance their agenda of global imperialism.

The Gulf crisis has also highlighted the contradictions of capitalism as a system of war. Capitalism is a system that is built on the exploitation of workers and the pillaging of the planet. It is a system that is driven by profit, and not by the needs of the people. The Gulf crisis is a reminder of this, as the United States and its allies are using the war in Iraq to advance their agenda of global capitalism.

The Gulf crisis has also highlighted the role of the United Nations in the world today. The United Nations is a body that was set up to promote peace and security, but it is now being used as a tool for the powerful to achieve their goals. The United States and its allies are using the United Nations to advance their agenda of global imperialism.

The Gulf crisis has also highlighted the role of the media in shaping public opinion. The media is a powerful tool that can shape the way we think and act. The United States and its allies are using the media to shape public opinion in favor of their agenda of global imperialism.

The Gulf crisis has also highlighted the role of the international community in the world today. The international community is a body that was set up to promote peace and security, but it is now being used as a tool for the powerful to advance their agenda. The United States and its allies are using the international community to advance their agenda of global imperialism.

The Gulf crisis is a reminder of the need for a radical change in international relations. We need to build a world that is based on the needs of the people, not the needs of the powerful. We need to build a world that is based on peace, not on war. We need to build a world that is based on justice, not on inequality. We need to build a world that is based on solidarity, not on division. We need to build a world that is based on the principles of the United Nations, not on the agenda of the powerful.

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Capitalism: a system of war

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FEATURES

Marxism and the fight for women's liberation

By Tess Lee Ack

Women as victims or fighters?

This focus on women as victims or fighters is a key point in the debate. It is one of the key differences between Marxist and liberal approaches to gender politics.

In the Communist Manifesto, Marx and Engels argued that the family was a means through which the ruling class maintained their control over the working class. Women were seen as property, possessions of men who controlled their reproduction and labor. This view continues to influence Marxist analyses of gender relations today.

A materialist analysis

Within the context of the family, women are seen as having a specific role, as providers and reproducers of labor power. They are not seen as individuals with their own needs and desires, but as vehicles for the reproduction of the working class.

In this analysis, women are not seen as active agents in their own struggle for liberation. Rather, they are seen as passive victims who are oppressed by the capitalist system.

The struggle in Germany

In Germany, the struggle for women's liberation is closely tied to the broader struggle for workers' rights. The German Social Democratic Party (SPD) took a leading role in the fight for women's rights, including the right to vote, the right to work, and the right to education.

One key moment in the struggle was the 1923 Women's Strike in Berlin, where women went on strike to demand better working conditions and higher wages. This strike was supported by the SPD and helped to raise awareness of the need for women's liberation.

The superiority of Marxism

In the Marxist view, the struggle for women's liberation is not just a matter of winning rights for women. Rather, it is a key component of the broader struggle for workers' liberation. The struggle for women's rights is seen as a necessary precondition for the establishment of a socialist society.

In this analysis, women are not seen as passive victims, but as active agents in their own struggle. The struggle for women's liberation is seen as an integral part of the struggle for workers' liberation, and is seen as a key component of the broader struggle for socialism.

Abortion and contraception

Abortion and contraception are seen as key issues in the struggle for women's liberation. The Marxist view is that these issues are not just about women's health, but are also about the broader struggle for workers' rights.

In this analysis, there is no distinction between abortion and contraception. Both are seen as necessary tools for women's liberation. The struggle for women's rights is seen as a key component of the broader struggle for socialism.

The 1960s and beyond

The 1960s was a time of great change for women's liberation movements. The women's liberation movement gained momentum, and there was a push for greater political representation for women.

The struggle for women's liberation continued to grow, and in this context, the Marxist view continued to be influential. The Marxist analysis of gender relations continued to be seen as a key element in the broader struggle for socialism.
We review the recent 'United We Stand' film festival...

A celebration of struggle

Many of the "community" activities that took place in the Australian trade union movement this winter were the result of the union movement's response to the crisis in the world of work and the industrial conditions of workers. The "community" activities also provided an opportunity for workers to form new forms of organization and to mobilize the community around the needs of workers. These "community" activities were significant in terms of their potential to build new forms of solidarity and to challenge the existing structures of power.

The trade union history and the ACTU is trying to suppress

A claim of escape has inspired support to the head of the Victorian police, the ACTU president, the trade union movement, and the trade union movement. The Victorian police leadership has apologised for the outlawry of the ACTU's activities at the 1991 national conference of the unions. This is the great strength of the ACTU's campaign.

Marxism and culture

It's not widely known that Trotsky spent much of his spare time writing books on the history and philosophy of culture. He was a thinker and an intellectual who was deeply interested in cultural issues. He wrote about the relationship between culture and society, and the role of culture in the revolutionary process. He also wrote about the role of culture in the development of the working class, and the importance of cultural education in the struggle for socialism.

Public Enemy too sexist

A lot of the talk about the struggle against sexism has been centered on the need for gender equality and the need to challenge the patriarchal structures that underpin sexism. This is important, but it is only part of the story. There are also many ways in which sexism can be reinforced and perpetuated. One of these is through the portrayal of women in the media. Women are often depicted in a way that is demeaning and objectifying, and this can have a significant impact on the way that women are perceived and treated in society.
Gorbachev sends in the troops...

Russia's bloody crackdown

By Ian Rintoul

Even more died in Baku, when troops put down a nationalist uprising in Azerbaijan last year. Earlier this month troops of the interior Ministry seized control of the main printing press in Baku, a move that overshadowed the main opposition parade in Baku, which was held the day before.

Thousands of paramedics are being deployed in Leningrad and Estonia to "control" the barricades and army deserts. It seems only a matter of time before these Baltic States face the same fate as presidential decree.

Troops are still sending supplies to the Baltic republics. Newspapers in the Baltic States have been banned without a constitutional ultimatum to comply with demands from the centre of face similar military action.

Even Moscow News, concerned about the creeping authoritarianism of Gorbachev's " XMLHttpRequests on the Internet for the first time, is under attack by the interior Ministry. These are the interior Ministry's first moves to re-enter the territory of the Baltic republics.

The interior Ministry has been banned and its leader, Interior Minister Boris Ponomaryov, has been arrested without a constitutional ultimatum to comply with demands from the centre of face similar military action.

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The struggle rolls on...

Mass protests and strikes have continued to rock Eastern Europe during the northern...